



1
00:00:03,510 --> 00:00:01,750
i'm rob guttrow from nasa's goddard

2
00:00:05,670 --> 00:00:03,520
space flight center and here with me

3
00:00:08,629 --> 00:00:05,680
today is dr jeff halverson he's a

4
00:00:10,629 --> 00:00:08,639
professor at umbc maryland and also a

5
00:00:12,390 --> 00:00:10,639
nasa hurricane research expert good

6
00:00:13,350 --> 00:00:12,400
morning jeff hi rob how you doing good

7
00:00:15,110 --> 00:00:13,360
thanks

8
00:00:17,349 --> 00:00:15,120
we're here to talk about nasa's new

9
00:00:19,269 --> 00:00:17,359
hurricane mission grip we're going to

10
00:00:21,830 --> 00:00:19,279
get a grip on hurricanes here with the

11
00:00:23,429 --> 00:00:21,840
genesis and reintensification processes

12
00:00:25,589 --> 00:00:23,439
mission can you tell us a little bit

13
00:00:27,589 --> 00:00:25,599

about grip please well the grip as you

14

00:00:30,150 --> 00:00:27,599

said it's an acronym for an experiment

15

00:00:32,870 --> 00:00:30,160

that nasa's doing the genesis and rapid

16

00:00:35,190 --> 00:00:32,880

intensification processes on genesis

17

00:00:37,350 --> 00:00:35,200

means birth of hurricanes rapid

18

00:00:39,830 --> 00:00:37,360

intensification means

19

00:00:42,229 --> 00:00:39,840

deepening very quickly here you see

20

00:00:44,150 --> 00:00:42,239

nasa's flying laboratory the dc-8 and

21

00:00:46,229 --> 00:00:44,160

here you see another new aircraft that

22

00:00:48,389 --> 00:00:46,239

nasty's using the global hawk the global

23

00:00:50,389 --> 00:00:48,399

hawk's a drone there's no pilot in it

24

00:00:52,389 --> 00:00:50,399

and it flies at sixty thousand feet and

25

00:00:54,389 --> 00:00:52,399

so we take these high altitude aircraft

26
00:00:56,709 --> 00:00:54,399
we put them in the upper levels of the

27
00:00:58,709 --> 00:00:56,719
hurricane where it's hard to get data

28
00:01:01,750 --> 00:00:58,719
and the global hawk can stay over a

29
00:01:03,189 --> 00:01:01,760
storm for 26 hours that's a long time

30
00:01:05,109 --> 00:01:03,199
and that's going to revolutionize the

31
00:01:07,510 --> 00:01:05,119
way we do hurricane science because now

32
00:01:09,109 --> 00:01:07,520
we can follow a storm as it goes through

33
00:01:11,350 --> 00:01:09,119
all its changes we're not going to miss

34
00:01:13,350 --> 00:01:11,360
a beat on a storm it's going to

35
00:01:15,030 --> 00:01:13,360
revolutionize the way nasa does it now

36
00:01:17,830 --> 00:01:15,040
what's the difference between hurricane

37
00:01:19,350 --> 00:01:17,840
hunters that noah flies and the nasa

38
00:01:20,789 --> 00:01:19,360

grip aircraft mission you know i think

39

00:01:22,710 --> 00:01:20,799

most of you may be familiar with the

40

00:01:24,630 --> 00:01:22,720

hurricane hunters they've been doing

41

00:01:26,870 --> 00:01:24,640

this for years they fly the aircraft

42

00:01:29,350 --> 00:01:26,880

into the storm but they go in at the low

43

00:01:30,950 --> 00:01:29,360

levels right above the ocean 10 000 feet

44

00:01:33,030 --> 00:01:30,960

or so that's a great place to be to

45

00:01:34,630 --> 00:01:33,040

collect data now here you see we're in

46

00:01:37,270 --> 00:01:34,640

the upper levels we're looking down

47

00:01:40,230 --> 00:01:37,280

inside the eye of hurricane earl from

48

00:01:41,429 --> 00:01:40,240

inside the eye at 40 000 feet and

49

00:01:43,510 --> 00:01:41,439

there's a lot of important things that

50

00:01:45,190 --> 00:01:43,520

happen in the upper levels of the storm

51
00:01:47,030 --> 00:01:45,200
satellites can tell us a lot about the

52
00:01:49,590 --> 00:01:47,040
upper levels of the clouds but here this

53
00:01:52,469 --> 00:01:49,600
is a historic picture this is the first

54
00:01:54,149 --> 00:01:52,479
time we took an unpiloted drone over the

55
00:01:56,870 --> 00:01:54,159
remnants of a hurricane that's hurricane

56
00:01:59,350 --> 00:01:56,880
frank over the east pacific and that's

57
00:02:01,350 --> 00:01:59,360
from 60 000 feet there's no pilot in

58
00:02:03,190 --> 00:02:01,360
that plane but we're collecting great

59
00:02:04,709 --> 00:02:03,200
data from the upper levels of the

60
00:02:07,190 --> 00:02:04,719
systems and that's important for

61
00:02:08,869 --> 00:02:07,200
hurricane science now the the global

62
00:02:11,430 --> 00:02:08,879
hawk this is the first time an unmanned

63
00:02:12,869 --> 00:02:11,440

drone has ever been flown into uh

64

00:02:14,869 --> 00:02:12,879

a hurricane exactly correct that's

65

00:02:16,550 --> 00:02:14,879

correct that's right now this mission

66

00:02:20,309 --> 00:02:16,560

runs through the end of september right

67

00:02:22,550 --> 00:02:20,319

and uh on september 2nd we're flying the

68

00:02:24,229 --> 00:02:22,560

unmanned drone is that right are we

69

00:02:25,830 --> 00:02:24,239

going into hurricane earl today we're

70

00:02:27,910 --> 00:02:25,840

going over the top of hurricane earl

71

00:02:29,190 --> 00:02:27,920

this aircraft took off from southern

72

00:02:31,509 --> 00:02:29,200

california

73

00:02:33,830 --> 00:02:31,519

uh very early and now it's out over the

74

00:02:35,350 --> 00:02:33,840

storm it's flying patterns over the top

75

00:02:38,150 --> 00:02:35,360

of the system it's going to stay out

76

00:02:38,949 --> 00:02:38,160

there over that storm for 10 11 hours

77

00:02:40,630 --> 00:02:38,959

and

78

00:02:41,990 --> 00:02:40,640

then it's got to go back to california

79

00:02:43,670 --> 00:02:42,000

and typically how long do hurricane

80

00:02:45,589 --> 00:02:43,680

hunters stay out there hurricane hunters

81

00:02:46,949 --> 00:02:45,599

will go out for six to eight hours and

82

00:02:49,990 --> 00:02:46,959

they've got to come back in because they

83

00:02:52,150 --> 00:02:50,000

need fuel they have crew on board and

84

00:02:53,509 --> 00:02:52,160

you have the crew can only operate a

85

00:02:55,110 --> 00:02:53,519

plane for so long you have what's called

86

00:02:56,790 --> 00:02:55,120

duty hours right what about the

87

00:02:59,190 --> 00:02:56,800

satellites that are supplementing data

88

00:03:02,149 --> 00:02:59,200

to this mission well for many many years

89

00:03:03,990 --> 00:03:02,159

nasa has had satellites up measuring all

90

00:03:06,550 --> 00:03:04,000

aspects of the earth system and

91

00:03:08,470 --> 00:03:06,560

hurricanes are no exception here we see

92

00:03:11,110 --> 00:03:08,480

looking not just at the tops of clouds

93

00:03:12,710 --> 00:03:11,120

but peeling away those clouds a cat scan

94

00:03:14,790 --> 00:03:12,720

right we're taking cat scans of

95

00:03:17,110 --> 00:03:14,800

hurricanes now we're also measuring the

96

00:03:19,030 --> 00:03:17,120

temperature of the skin of the ocean

97

00:03:21,670 --> 00:03:19,040

look at the warm water just waiting for

98

00:03:23,350 --> 00:03:21,680

storms to develop so these are new ways

99

00:03:25,110 --> 00:03:23,360

of looking at systems and here we see

100

00:03:26,630 --> 00:03:25,120

super computer simulations these are

101

00:03:28,390 --> 00:03:26,640

numerical models

102

00:03:30,390 --> 00:03:28,400

mathematical models that take all that

103

00:03:32,949 --> 00:03:30,400

satellite data all that aircraft data

104

00:03:35,589 --> 00:03:32,959

put it in and you run the model and you

105

00:03:37,589 --> 00:03:35,599

learn about the physics of these storms

106

00:03:39,750 --> 00:03:37,599

so nasa's taking this places we have

107

00:03:41,110 --> 00:03:39,760

never been with hurricanes so some of

108

00:03:42,470 --> 00:03:41,120

the factors that we're looking at for

109

00:03:45,589 --> 00:03:42,480

genesis

110

00:03:47,509 --> 00:03:45,599

of a tropical storm would be sea surface

111

00:03:49,030 --> 00:03:47,519

temperatures as you mentioned right what

112

00:03:50,630 --> 00:03:49,040

about the upper level winds the upper

113

00:03:52,789 --> 00:03:50,640

level winds are really important you can

114

00:03:54,789 --> 00:03:52,799

have lots of energy in the ocean and

115

00:03:56,789 --> 00:03:54,799

those clouds bubble up really deep but

116

00:03:59,589 --> 00:03:56,799

if the tops of those clouds get into

117

00:04:01,429 --> 00:03:59,599

strong winds wind shear the tops of the

118

00:04:03,270 --> 00:04:01,439

clouds can literally be blown off the

119

00:04:04,789 --> 00:04:03,280

bottom and you can't get a hurricane

120

00:04:07,350 --> 00:04:04,799

unless you stack everything up

121

00:04:10,229 --> 00:04:07,360

vertically so here you see a satellite

122

00:04:12,710 --> 00:04:10,239

picture of the winds just blowing those

123

00:04:14,470 --> 00:04:12,720

those cloud fragments away to the north

124

00:04:16,629 --> 00:04:14,480

and if you get too much of that that

125

00:04:18,150 --> 00:04:16,639

actually causes a hurricane to weaken

126
00:04:21,270 --> 00:04:18,160
and we have tropical cyclones out there

127
00:04:23,830 --> 00:04:21,280
now like uh fiona and gaston are there

128
00:04:25,670 --> 00:04:23,840
any plans to fly over those storms well

129
00:04:27,909 --> 00:04:25,680
we we have to wait for the storms to get

130
00:04:30,469 --> 00:04:27,919
close enough to where we are where the

131
00:04:32,469 --> 00:04:30,479
dc-8s in fort lauderdale the global

132
00:04:35,430 --> 00:04:32,479
hawks flying out of southern california

133
00:04:37,350 --> 00:04:35,440
and we have a third aircraft the wb-57

134
00:04:39,430 --> 00:04:37,360
which flies at 60 000 feet with two

135
00:04:42,469 --> 00:04:39,440
pilots that was coming out of houston

136
00:04:44,629 --> 00:04:42,479
right but so we let the storms move

137
00:04:46,310 --> 00:04:44,639
towards the west atlantic and then we'll

138
00:04:48,950 --> 00:04:46,320

go hunt them so yes it looks like we're

139

00:04:50,790 --> 00:04:48,960

going to get others fiona gaston maybe

140

00:04:52,629 --> 00:04:50,800

the other storms too

141

00:04:54,230 --> 00:04:52,639

in closing is there anything that you'd

142

00:04:56,790 --> 00:04:54,240

like to say about the grip mission how

143

00:04:59,350 --> 00:04:56,800

unique this is i think it's very unique

144

00:05:01,430 --> 00:04:59,360

uh the fact that we're sending out an

145

00:05:03,670 --> 00:05:01,440

unpiloted vehicle this is where the

146

00:05:05,029 --> 00:05:03,680

revolution is going to take place

147

00:05:07,029 --> 00:05:05,039

now this is going to be the new way to

148

00:05:08,870 --> 00:05:07,039

study hurricanes and we're going to move

149

00:05:10,469 --> 00:05:08,880

all the operations to wallops in the

150

00:05:11,350 --> 00:05:10,479

year and we're going to start flying

151

00:05:14,230 --> 00:05:11,360

these

152

00:05:16,230 --> 00:05:14,240

drones on a regular basis every summer

153

00:05:18,150 --> 00:05:16,240

wow sounds really cool

154

00:05:19,670 --> 00:05:18,160

thank you dr halverson thank you rob